

Compendium of Actinobacteria from Dr. Joachim M. Wink
University of Braunschweig

Strain		DSM 100519
Genus		<i>Catellatospora</i>
Species		<i>paridis</i>
Status		
Risk group		1 (provisional classification by DSMZ)
Type strain		NEAU-CL2, CGMCC 4.7236
Genbank accession numbers		16S rRNA gene: KP208837
Reference		
Author		Jia F, Guo S, Shen Y, Gao M, Liu C, Zhou S, Li J, Guan X, Wang X, Xiang W.
Title		<i>Catellatospora vulcania</i> sp. nov. and <i>Catellatospora paridis</i> sp. nov., two novel actinobacteria isolated from volcanic sediment and the rhizosphere of <i>Paris polyphylla</i>
Journal		<i>Antonie Van Leeuwenhoek</i>
Volume		109 (1)
Page		43-50
Year		2016
Morphology		
Agar	ISP 2 - growth/G	good
Agar	ISP 2 - colony color/R	maize yellow (1006)
Agar	ISP 2 - aerial mycelium/A	none
Agar	ISP 2 - soluble pigment/S	none
Agar	ISP 3 - G	good
Agar	ISP 3 - R	signal yellow (1003), golden yellow (1004)
Agar	ISP 3 - A	none
Agar	ISP 3 - S	sand yellow (1002)
Agar	ISP 4 - G	sparse
Agar	ISP 4 - R	signal yellow (1003), daffodil yellow (1007)
Agar	ISP 4 - A	none
Agar	ISP 4 - S	none
Agar	ISP 5 - G	sparse
Agar	ISP 5 - R	traffic yellow (1023)
Agar	ISP 5 - A	none
Agar	ISP 5 - S	none
Agar	ISP 6 - G	sparse
Agar	ISP 6 - R	ivory (1014)
Agar	ISP 6 - A	none
Agar	ISP 6 - S	none
Agar	ISP 7 - G	sparse

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Agar	ISP 7 - R	sand yellow (1002), grey beige (1019)
Agar	ISP 7 - A	none
Agar	ISP 7 - S	brown beige (1011)
Agar	suter with tyrosine - G	sparse
Agar	suter with tyrosine - R	golden yellow (1004)
Agar	suter with tyrosine - A	none
Agar	suter with tyrosine - S	none
Agar	suter without tyrosine - G	sparse
Agar	suter without tyrosine - R	signal yellow (1003)
Agar	suter without tyrosine - A	none
Agar	suter without tyrosine - S	none
	Sporechains/Sporangia	
Physiology		
Melanin		- (+) - -
pH	range	
pH	optimum	
temperature	range	
temperature	optimum	
sodium chloride tolerance		0%
lysozyme tolerance		
use of carbohydrates	glucose	+
use of carbohydrates	arabinose	+
use of carbohydrates	sucrose	++
use of carbohydrates	xylose	+
use of carbohydrates	inositol	(+)
use of carbohydrates	mannose	(+)
use of carbohydrates	fructose	-
use of carbohydrates	rhamnose	-
use of carbohydrates	raffinose	-
use of carbohydrates	cellulose	-
Api zym	Phosphatase alkaline	5
Api zym	Esterase (C4)	2
Api zym	Esterase Lipase (C8)	2
Api zym	Lipase (C14)	0
Api zym	Leucin arylamidase	4
Api zym	Valine arylamidase	2
Api zym	Cystine arylamidase	0
Api zym	Trypsin	2
Api zym	Chymotrypsin	5
Api zym	Phosphatase acid	4
Api zym	Naphtol-AS-BI-phosphohydrolase	1
Api zym	alpha galactosidase	3
Api zym	beta galactosidase	5
Api zym	beta glucuronidase	0

Api zym	alpha glucosidase	5
Api zym	beta glucosidase	3
Api zym	N-acetyl-beta-glucoseamidase	5
Api zym	alpha mannosidase	0
Api zym	alpha fucosidase	0
Api coryne	nitrate reduction	-
Api coryne	Pyrazinamidase	-
Api coryne	Pyrrolidonyl arylamidase	-
Api coryne	Alkaline phosphatase	+
Api coryne	beta glucuronidase	-
Api coryne	beta galactosidase	+
Api coryne	alpha glucosidase	+
Api coryne	N-acetyl -beta glucoseamidase	+
Api coryne	Esculin (beta glucosidase)	-
Api coryne	Urease	-
Api coryne	Gelatine(hydrolysis)	+
Api coryne	Glucose fermentation	-
Api coryne	Ribose fermentation	-
Api coryne	Xylose fermentation	-
Api coryne	Mannitol fermentation	-
Api coryne	Maltose fermentation	-
Api coryne	Lactose fermentation	-
Api coryne	Sucrose fermentation	-
Api coryne	Glycogen fermentation	-

Apicoryne



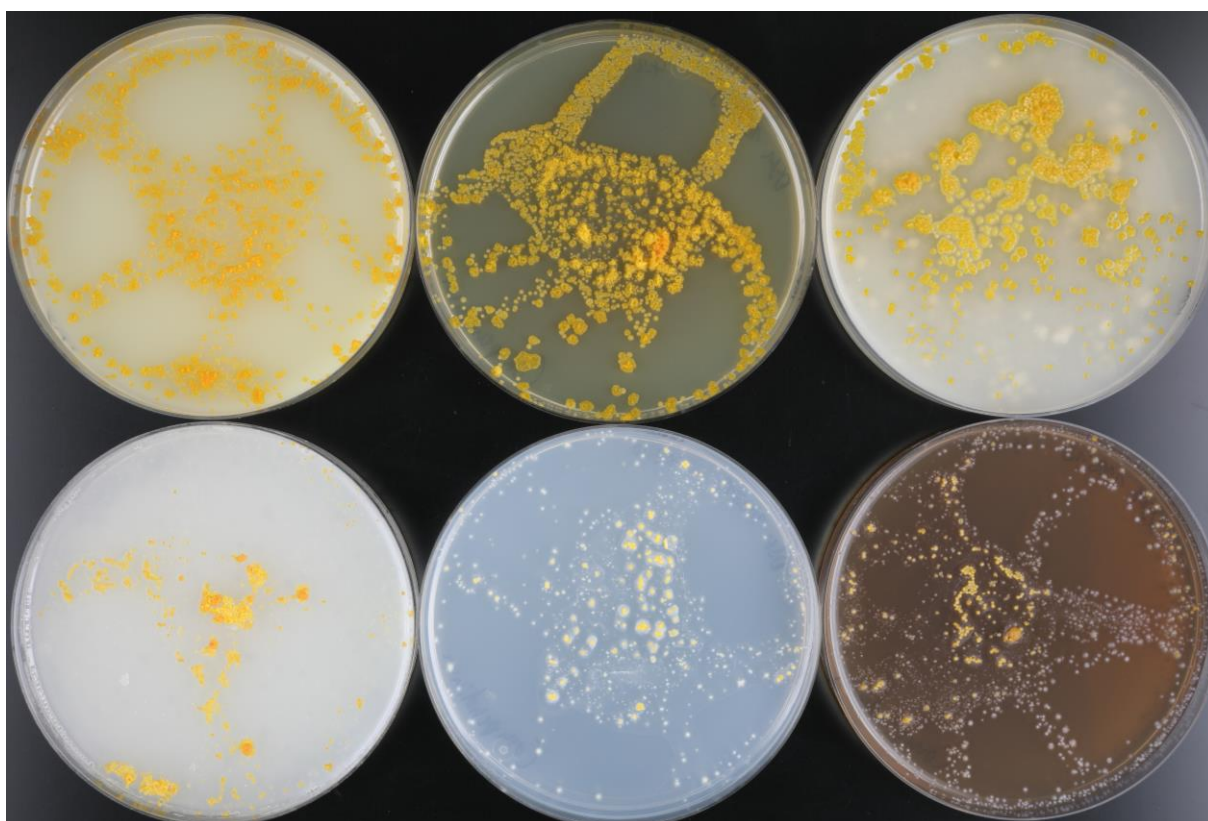
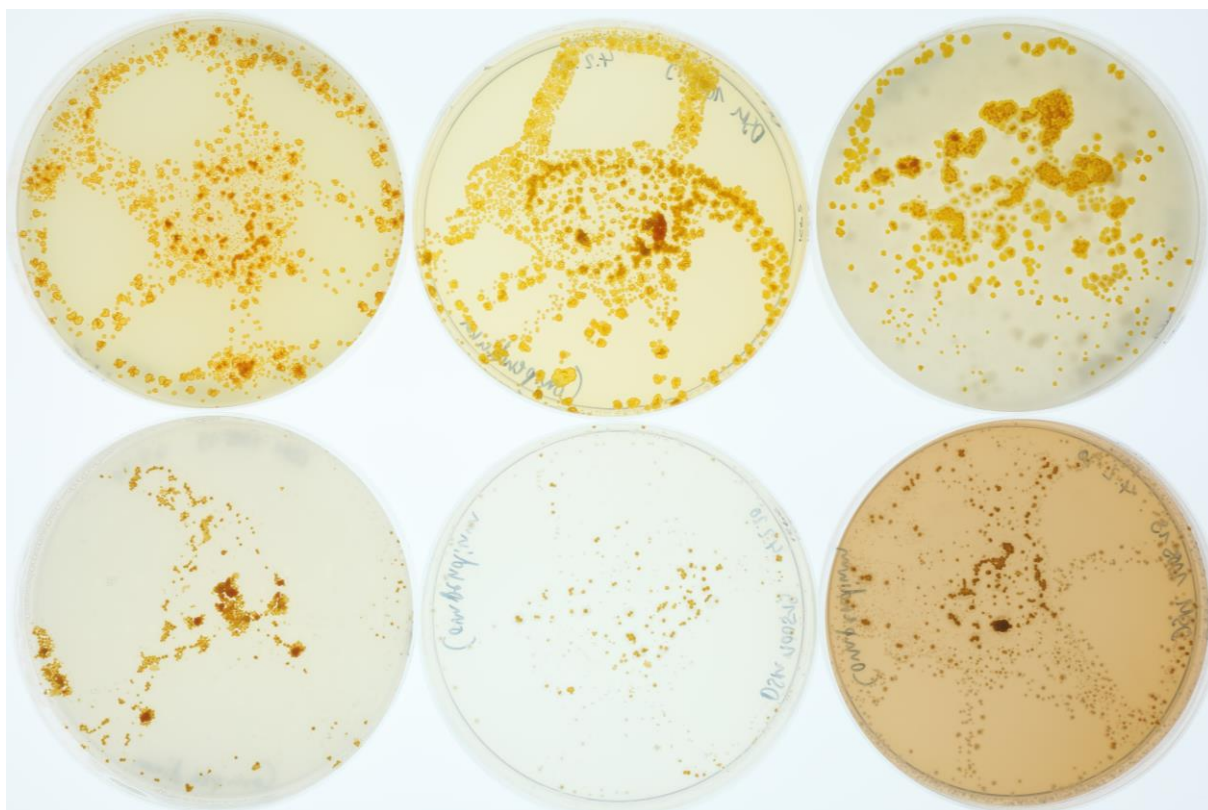
Abbildung 1: Apicoryne-Teststreifen mit Keim DSM 100519.

Apizym

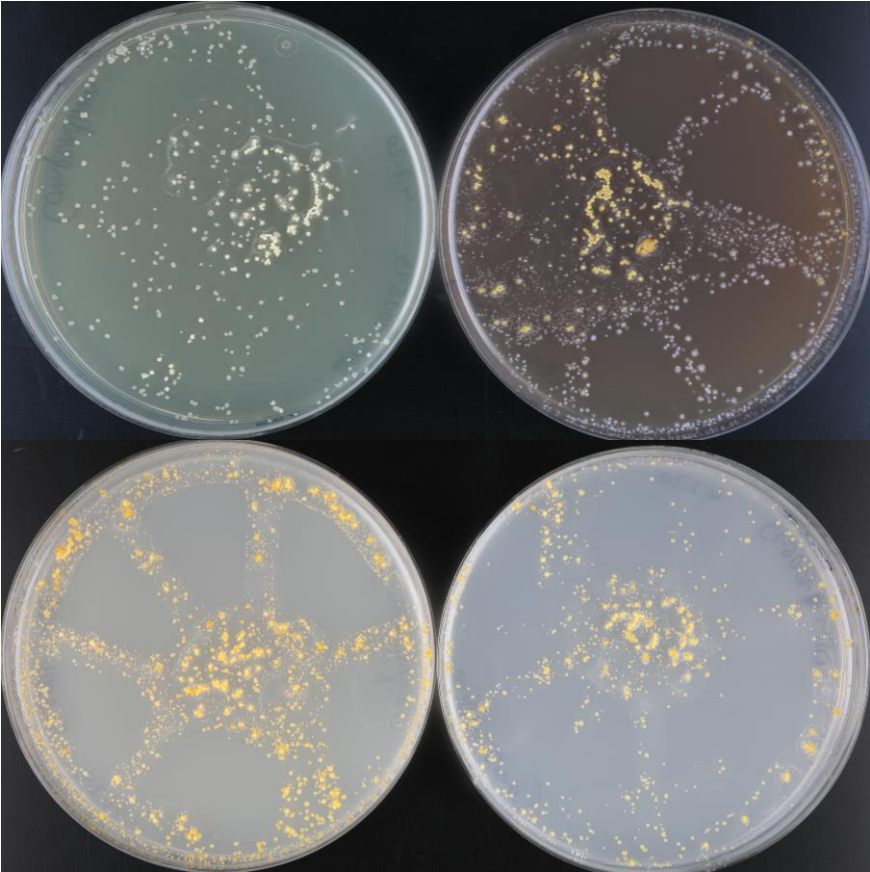
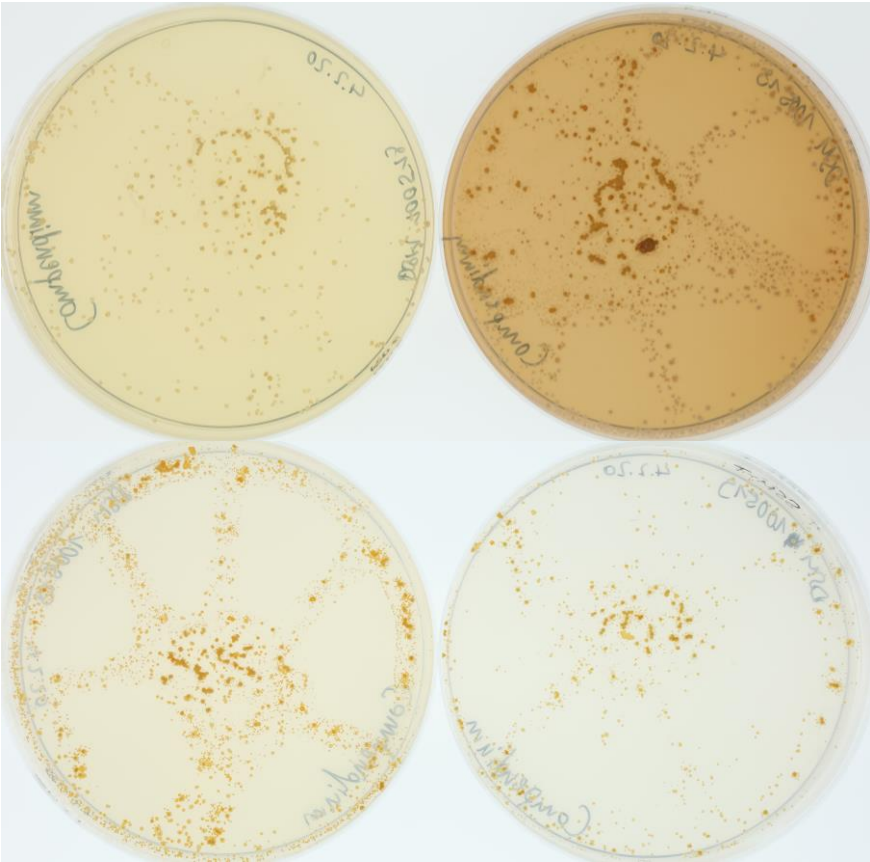


Abbildung 2: Apizym-Teststreifen mit Keim DSM 100519.

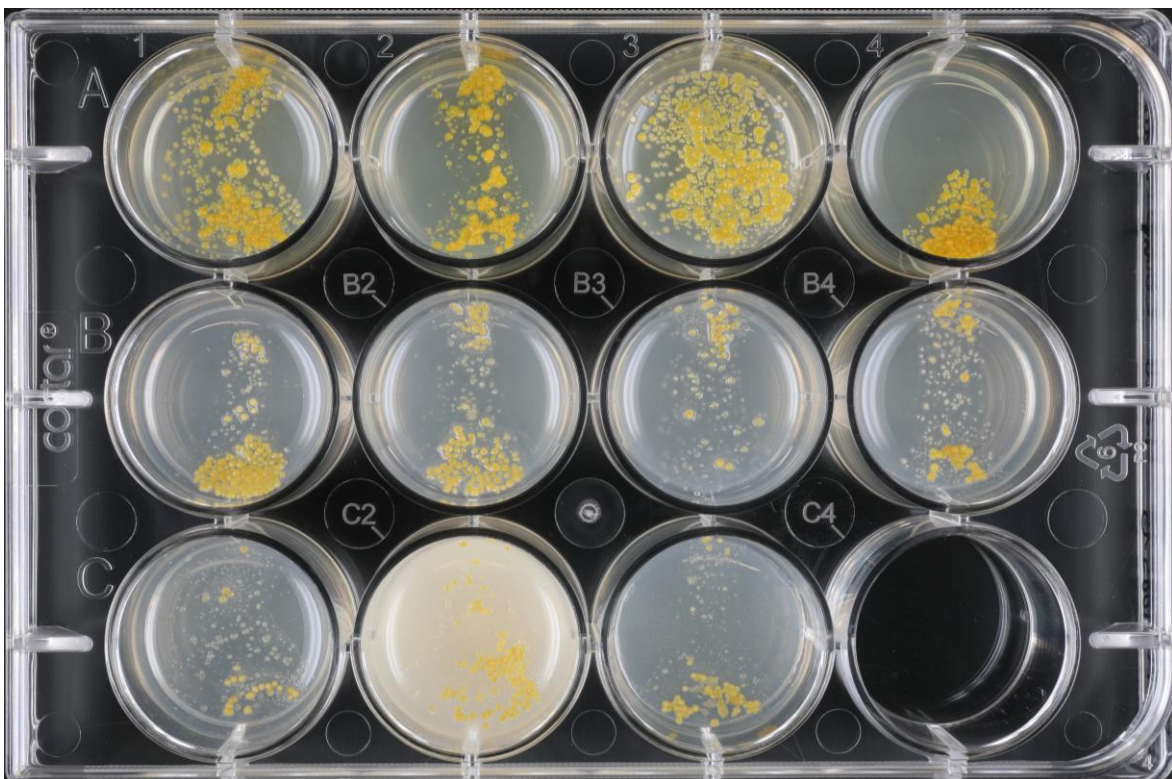
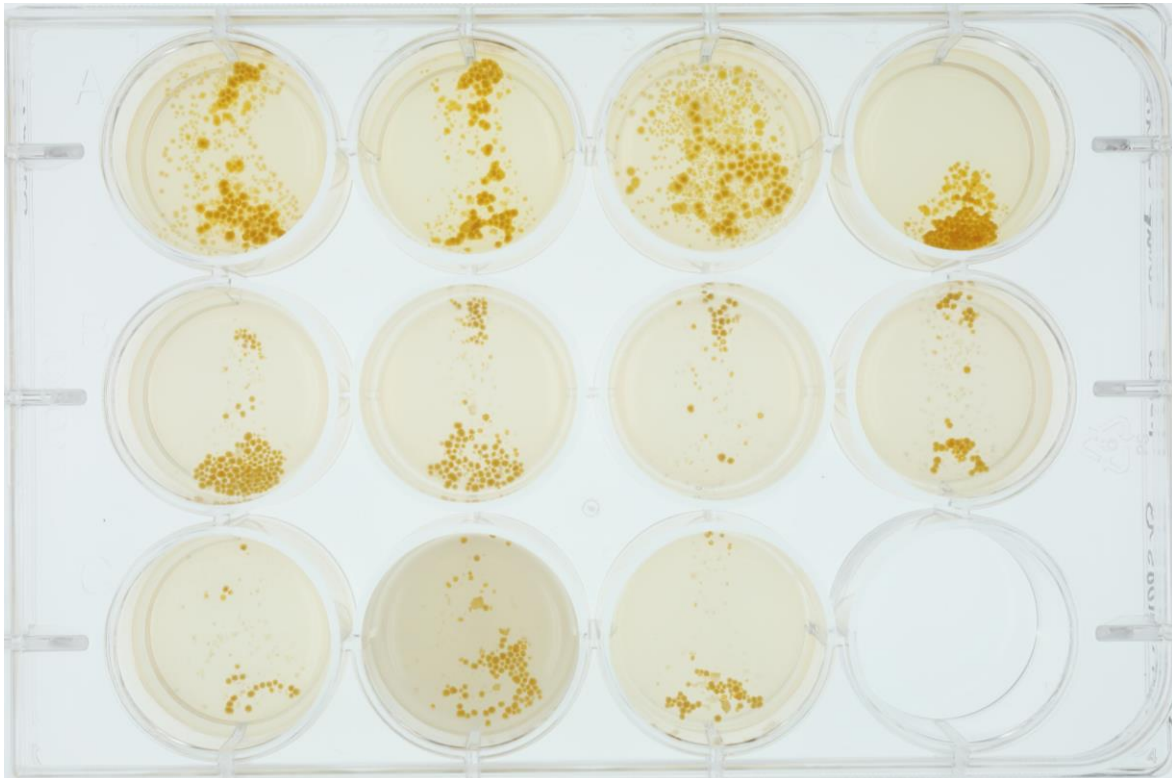
Plates (65, ISP2, ISP3, ISP4, ISP5, ISP7)



(ISP6, ISP7, SSM+T, SSM-T)



Carbon utilization test (from top left to bottom right: glucose, arabinose, sucrose, xylose, inositol, mannose, fructose, rhamnose, raffinose, cellulose)



Sodium chloride tolerance test (from top left to bottom right: 0%, 2,5%, 5%, 7,5%, 10%)

